(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

Annual Financial Report & Independent Auditor's Reports

June 30, 2023

With Comparative Information for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2022



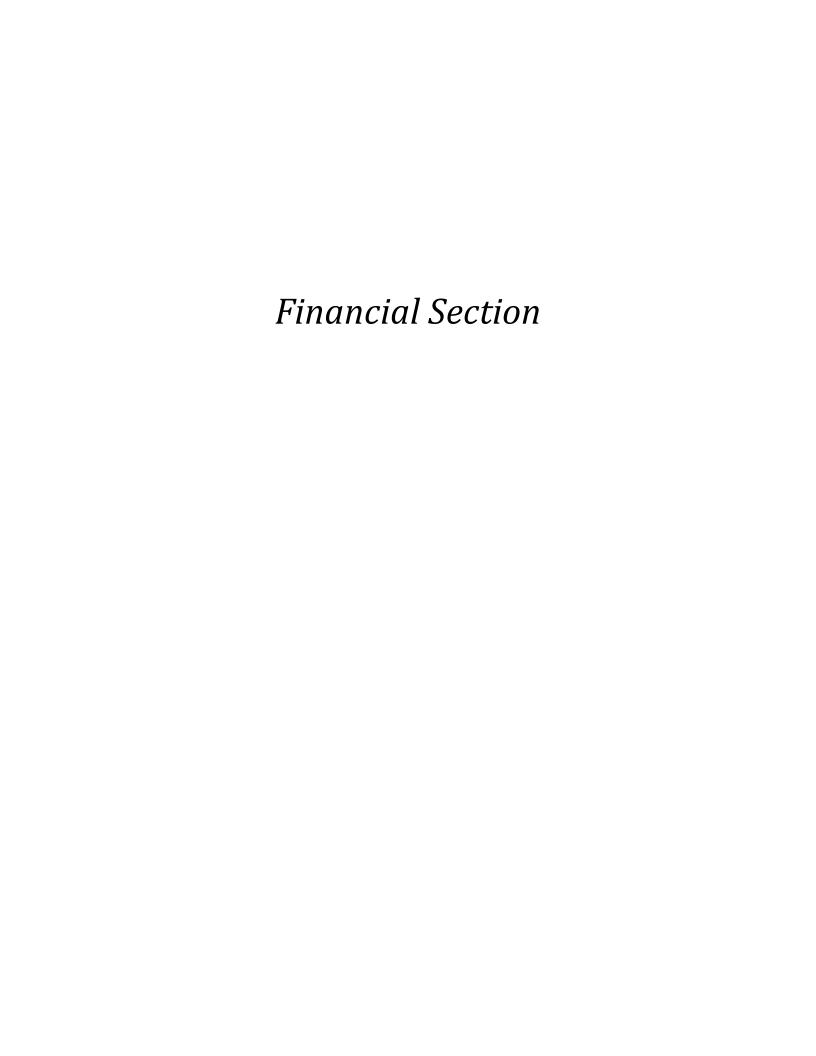
Chavan & Associates, LLP

Certified Public Accountants 15105 Concord Circle, Ste 130 Morgan Hill, CA 95037

San Jose Conservation Corps (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors San Jose Conservation Corps San Jose, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of San Jose Conservation Corps (SJCC or the Organization) (a California Nonprofit Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of SJCC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the entity adopted new accounting guidance, (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases* (ASU 2016-02) (ASC 842). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information, as required by CalRecycle, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements of San Jose Conservation Corps for the year ended June 30, 2022, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on June 19, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

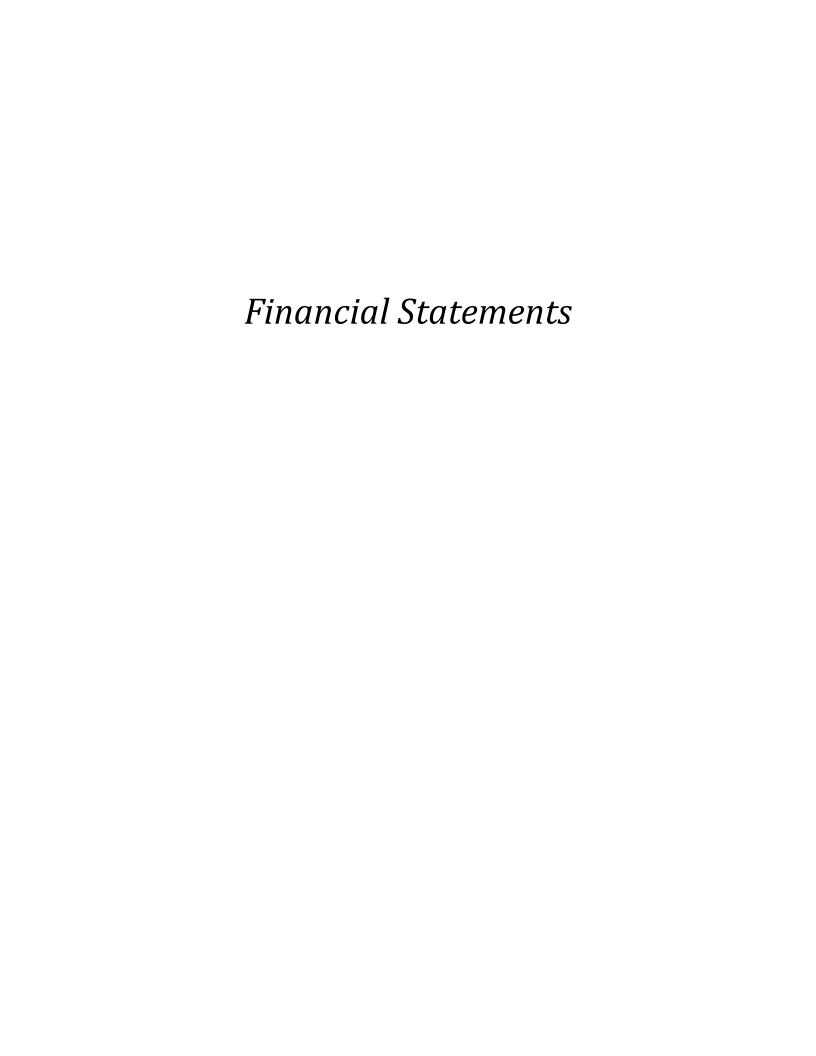
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2023, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 8, 2023

Morgan Hill, California

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(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2023

With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

ASSETS	2023	2022
Current Assets:		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents:		
Corps	\$ 3,991,242	\$ 3,714,451
Charter School	1,089,934	500,646
Accounts receivables	4,418,268	3,070,535
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	295,462	386,732
Total Current Assets	9,794,906	7,672,364
Noncurrent Assets:		
Operating lease right of use asset	115,737	-
Property and equipment - net	12,840,963	13,216,752
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,956,700	13,216,752
Total Assets	\$ 22,751,606	\$ 20,889,116
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,509,817	\$ 1,494,870
Refundable advances	650,963	640,839
Accrued vacation	229,438	209,140
Notes payable - current	-	1,996,824
Operating lease liability - current	35,458	-
SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan - current	3,687	_
Total Current Liabilities	2,429,363	4,341,673
Long-term Liabilities:	2,127,000	.,,,,,,,,
Operating lease liability	80,675	_
SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan	143,613	150,000
Total Long-term Liabilities	224,288	150,000
Total Liabilities	2,653,651	4,491,673
NET ASSETS		
With donor restrictions	175,632	9,945
Without donor restrictions	19,922,323	16,387,498
Total Net Assets	20,097,955	16,397,443
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 22,751,606	\$ 20,889,116
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(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total 2023	Total 2022
REVENUE AND SUPPORT				
Government grants and contracts Employee retention credit	\$ 15,876,000 3,805,421	\$ -	\$ 15,876,000 3,805,421	\$ 21,430,408
Support and program revenues - charter school:			, ,	
LCFF sources	2,070,519	-	2,070,519	1,163,453
Federal grants	567	420,608	421,175	200,401
Employee retention credit	137,946	-	137,946	-
State revenue	507,139	139,851	646,990	694,098
Childcare pass-through grant	,	499,462	499,462	220,833
Other local revenue	-	_	-	7
Subtotal charter school	2,716,171	1,059,921	3,776,092	2,278,792
Technology reimbursement income	18,142	<u>-</u>	18,142	18,051
Contributions of cash and financial assets	472,160	169,958	642,118	140,629
Donated food	316,508	_	316,508	137,973
Donated equipment	85,935	_	85,935	_
Donated rent	88,431	_	88,431	88,431
Investment income (loss)	371,970	_	371,970	(1,870)
Rental income	396,990	_	396,990	432,236
Miscellaneous	20,972	_	20,972	64
Net assets released from restrictions	-)		- ,	
Satisfaction of program restrictions	1,064,192	(1,064,192)	_	_
Total revenue and support	25,232,892	165,687	25,398,579	24,524,714
EXPENSES				
Program services:				
Corpsmember training	14,368,542	-	14,368,542	18,364,524
Charter school	3,212,592	-	3,212,592	2,416,478
Young Leader	220,878		220,878	51,764
Total program services	17,802,012		17,802,012	20,832,766
Management and general	3,571,518	-	3,571,518	2,329,067
Fundraising	324,537	-	324,537	125,286
Total support services	3,896,055		3,896,055	2,454,353
Total expenses	21,698,067		21,698,067	23,287,119
Change in Net Assets	3,534,825	165,687	3,700,512	1,237,595
Total Net Assets - Beginning	16,387,498	9,945	16,397,443	15,159,848
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 19,922,323	\$ 175,632	\$ 20,097,955	\$ 16,397,443

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

Statement of Functional Expenses

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2023										
		Program	Serv	vices						
					Total	Management			Total	Total
	Corpsmember	Charter		Young	Program	and			Expenses	Expenses
Description	Training	School		Leader	Services	General	Fu	ındraising	2023	 2022
Personnel costs	\$ 11,077,348	\$ 1,768,981	\$	140,239	\$ 12,986,568	\$ 2,176,666	\$	229,254	\$ 15,392,488	\$ 17,716,638
Education and training	196,801	24,049		26,661	247,511	40,321		2,387	290,219	300,923
Professional services	228,692	1,022,001		24,023	1,274,716	159,006		16,819	1,450,541	1,263,755
Audit & accounting services	11,465	17,550		-	29,015	201,935		-	230,950	196,635
Office and other	35,870	33,407		1,027	70,304	189,793		16,588	276,685	202,870
Insurance	8,715	401		-	9,116	133,269		-	142,385	123,128
Equipment and related	5,681	-		3,252	8,933	24,653		1,394	34,980	122,191
Vehicle	547,774	-		90	547,864	20,935		369	569,168	609,922
Travel	51,621	2,726		24,750	79,097	122,265		30,423	231,785	94,783
Occupancy/Facilities	250,760	136,961		-	387,721	283,196		9,876	680,793	662,479
Donated rent	24,992	58,115		-	83,107	5,324		-	88,431	88,431
Donated food	316,508	-		-	316,508	-		-	316,508	137,973
Donated equipment	85,935	-		-	85,935	-		-	85,935	-
Marketing and communication	46,501	-		-	46,501	13,046		1,288	60,835	62,736
Field	560,393	-		502	560,895	20,056		-	580,951	553,684
Interest	35,017	-		-	35,017	55,849		1,150	92,016	91,699
Loan closing costs amortization	-	-		-	-	13,138		-	13,138	6,100
Communication and IT	186,163	26,093		307	212,563	76,318		8,364	297,245	308,700
Depreciation and amortization	698,306	122,308		27	820,641	35,748		6,625	863,014	 744,472
Total Expenses	\$ 14,368,542	\$ 3,212,592	\$	220,878	\$ 17,802,012	\$ 3,571,518	\$	324,537	\$ 21,698,067	\$ 23,287,119

NOTE: The Young Leader program started in fiscal year 2021-2022 and SJCC is solely a pass through entity for funds.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Change in net assets	\$ 3,700,512	\$ 1,237,595
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided		
by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	863,014	744,472
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,347,733)	239,712
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	91,270	(183,764)
(Increase) decrease in operating lease assets	(115,737)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	14,947	(214,397)
Increase (decrease) in refundable advances	10,124	124,066
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation	20,298	(15,027)
Increase (decrease) in operating lease liabilities	116,133	-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	3,352,828	1,932,657
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(487,225)	(329,869)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(487,225)	(329,869)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Principal payments on notes payable	(1,999,524)	(34,176)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(1,999,524)	(34,176)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	866,079	1,568,612
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	4,215,097	 2,646,485
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 5,081,176	\$ 4,215,097
Supplemental Cash Flows Disclosures: Cash paid for interest	\$ 92,016	\$ 91,699

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The San Jose Conservation Corps (the Organization or SJCC) was incorporated in May as an independent nonprofit organization formed to provide disadvantaged young men and women (mostly "people of color") with the academic education, hands-on learning, and development of basic skills such as leadership communication, computer literacy, and employment training needed to enter and succeed in the Silicon Valley skilled workforce. SJCC offers secondary education courses through its on-site charter high school, and vocational education and job training through its Projects and Recycling Departments. Another program, Youth Build San Jose, combines the mandatory academics with paid on-site job training in the high demand and high wage construction trades. SJCC's mission is to provide youth with a quality high school education and teach valuable work and life skills that empower them to become responsible, productive, and caring citizens.

The Organization operates the San Jose Conservation Corps Charter School (Charter School), which was established on July 1, 2002, to provide vocational training as well as academic hands-on learning. The Charter School is a division of San Jose Conservation Corps. The governing board of the Charter School is also the governing board of the Organization.

The Charter School derives its separate income primarily from the state local control funding formula (state grants, attendance and categorical programs), federal grants, foundation grants, and from independent donor contributions.

Oversight, beyond the internal review by the Charter School Board of Directors, is under the auspices of the local sponsoring education entity, East Side Union High School District (the District). The Charter School is financially independent of the District. Reports are also made to the Santa Clara County Office of Education and the California Department of Education. Individual grants may also have reporting requirements.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented in the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for not-for-profit entities (FASB Topic 958, ASU 2016-14).

Comparative Financial Information

The accompanying financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived. Those statements were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on June 19, 2023.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments so near their maturity that the risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates is negligible. For financial statement purposes, SJCC considers investments with maturity of three months or less on the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. Funds with use restrictions are not included as cash, regardless of their liquidity.

Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Investment purchases are recorded at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Net investment return/(loss) is reported in the statements of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

In accordance with FASB ASC 820-10, SJCC has characterized its investments in securities, based on the priority of the inputs used to value the investments, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. If the inputs used to measure the investments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the investment. SJCC had \$34,526 in investments as of June 30, 2023 and \$25,554 as of June 30, 2022, which were valued using level one inputs.

Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivable consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due for program support services, contracts and grants. Management has elected to record bad debts using the direct write-off method. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the allowance method be used to reflect bad debts. However, the effect of the use of the direct write-off method is not materially different from the result that would have been obtained had the allowance method been followed.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction, or fair value if donated. The costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Costs of improvement or betterment that increase the value of the property or extend its useful life are capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization is computed based on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, except leasehold improvements and leases. Leasehold improvements are stated at cost and are amortized over the shorter of the life of the asset or the terms of the underlying leases. Right of use assets for leases are recorded at the net present value of the minimum lease payments and amortized over the term of the lease.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

The useful lives of the assets are estimated as follows:

Buildings and site improvements 5 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements 10 to 40 years
Vehicles 2 to 5 years
Furniture and equipment 2 to 7 years

Management reviewed the carrying values of property and equipment for impairment and did not identify any material impairments as of June 30, 2023.

Construction in progress is stated at cost and generally consists of governmental fees, consulting, and professional fees as well as construction costs. These costs are recorded as a noncurrent asset, "construction in progress," and are not depreciated until the property is placed in service.

Leases

SJCC determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception, which conveys SJCC's right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. SJCC determines whether the lease classification is an operating or financing lease at the commencement date. Operating leases are recorded as an operating right of use (ROU) asset and lease liability in the statement of financial position. ROU assets represent SJCC's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and the corresponding lease liabilities represent its obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. The lease ROU asset is reduced for any tenant incentives and excludes any initial direct costs incurred.

Lease payments are recognized in the statement of activities on a straight-line basis over the lease term. SJCC lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease. These options are reflected in the ROU asset and lease liability when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised. SJCC reassesses the lease term if and when a significant event or change in circumstances occurs within the control of SJCC.

If lease agreements do not state an implicit rate, the present value of the future minimum lease payments is determined using SJCC's incremental borrowing rate.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions also include the investment in property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed (or certain grantor-imposed) restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates those resources be maintained in perpetuity. SJCC reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends, or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Revenue Recognition

Grants and Contracts

A portion of SJCC 's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable federal and state contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when SJCC has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position. SJCC received cost-reimbursable grants that have not been recognized at June 30, 2023 and 2022 because qualifying expenditures have not yet been incurred, with an advance payment recognized in the statement of financial position as a refundable advance in the amount of \$650,963 and \$640,839 for 2023 and 2022. The following summarizes the SJCC's grant and contract revenue, including restricted charter school grants, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 with comparable totals for June 30, 2022:

	Grant			Contract		Total		Total
		Revenue	Revenue		2023			2022
Corps:								
Contracts	\$	-	\$	10,007,961	\$	10,007,961	\$	16,376,409
CalFresh Employment & Training		205,243		-		205,243		139,173
Covid-19 EIDG & PPP		-		-		-		49,577
USDA, Forest Service		69,540		-		69,540		88,785
City of San Jose Resilience Corps		4,982,176		-		4,982,176		4,154,327
USDA-GCRCD		11,657		-		11,657		2,185
AmeriCorps		599,423				599,423		619,952
Subtotal Corps		5,868,039		10,007,961		15,876,000		21,430,408
Charter School:								
Title 1: Every Student Succeeds Act		198,468		-		198,468		177,547
CalFresh		-		-		-		614
Special Education		126,297		-		126,297		65,400
Child Care Pass-Through Grant		499,462		-		499,462		227,433
Learning Loss Mitigation		150,000		-		150,000		15,640
Expanded Learning Opportunity		56,726		-		56,726		-
Learning Recovery Emergency		28,968		-		28,968		-
Subtotal Charter School		1,059,921				1,059,921		486,634
Totals	\$	6,927,960	\$	10,007,961	\$	16,935,921	\$	21,917,042

Note: Prior year charter school grants are included in the support and program revenue totals

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

Contribution of Cash and Other Financial Assets

The Organization receives support from individuals, corporations, and other nonprofit organizations in support of its mission. Contribution revenue is recognized at fair value on the earlier of the receipt of cash or an unconditional promise to give. Contributions with donor restrictions received are recorded as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions received are recognized as revenue without donor restrictions when the terms of the restrictions are met, which may be in the same period if the revenue is received and the restriction satisfied during the same period. All contributions are considered to be available for use without donor restrictions unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Contributions of Nonfinancial Assets

Nonfinancial asset donations, such as equipment, food, and rent, are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the date of donation. Equipment donations are valued using resale values, food is valued at wholes values, and rent is valued using comparable market rents. None of the nonfinancial assets donated during the year had donor restrictions and all were utilized in the corpsmember training program.

Donated Services

Contributions of services are recorded at fair value as revenue at the time the service is rendered when specialized skills are required and when SJCC would otherwise purchase the services. No significant amounts have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements for contributed goods or services during the year being reported because items did not meet this definition.

Donated Rent

SJCC entered into an agreement to lease their 2650 Senter Road office with the City of San Jose. The lease is for a 30-year period, retroactive to March 15, 2000, and requires monthly rental payments of \$1, which is significantly less than fair value. SJCC intends to expand their office facility which, during the life of the lease, should significantly impact the value of the property. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the City of San Jose has determined the fair value of the donated rent to be \$88,431.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$45,894 and \$47,520, respectively, during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk include cash and investments. The Organization maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits as guaranteed by the Federal Depository Insurance

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023
With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

Corporation (FDIC). The Organization manages deposit concentration risk by placing cash and money market accounts with financial institutions believed by us to be creditworthy.

The carrying amount of the Organization's total cash was \$5,081,176 as of June 30, 2023 and 4,215,097 as of June 30, 2022. The bank balances, before reconciling items, were \$4,102,458 as of June 30, 2023 and \$4,215,183 as of June 30, 2023. Of these amounts, \$3,773,925 and \$3,558,435 was not covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. FDIC covers up to \$250,000 per bank, per entity. Management believes SJCC is not exposed to any significant risk related to cash. To date, the Organization has not experienced losses in any of these accounts.

Credit risk associated with accounts receivable is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from organizations, individuals, and Organizations supportive of the SJCC's mission.

Income Tax Status

The Organization is organized as a California nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the IRS as exempt from federal income taxes under IRC Section 501(a) as organizations described in IRC Section 501(c)(3) and Section 23701(d) of the California Code, qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under IRC Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) and (viii), and has been determined not to be private Organizations under IRC Sections 509(a)(1) and (3). The Organization is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, the Organization is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to its exempt purpose. Management has determined that the Organization's unrelated business income tax was minimal and immaterial to the financial statements as of June 30, 2023.

SJCC has adopted FASB ASC Topic 740 that clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return and provides that the tax effects from an uncertain tax position can be recognized in the financial statements only if, based on its merits, the position is more likely than not to be sustained on audit by the taxing authorities. Management believes that all tax positions taken to date are highly certain, and, accordingly, no accounting adjustment has been made to the financial statements.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The financial statements report categories of expenses that are attributed to program service activities or supporting services activities. The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited based on management's estimates. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, depreciation, and amortization, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, professional services, office expenses, information technology, interest, insurance, and other, which

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are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Organization to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Concentrations

For the year ended June 30, 2023, grants comprised 42% of total revenue and contracts comprised 39% of total revenue. For the year ended June 30, 2022, grants comprised 23% of total revenue and contracts comprised 67% of total revenue.

Implemented New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (ASU 2016-02). ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize a lease asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for the payments to be made to lessor, on its balance sheet for all operating leases greater than twelve months. Management adopted ASC 842 using the modified retrospective transition method, under which amounts in prior period were not restated. For contracts existing at the time of adoption, SJCC elected the package of practical expedients and did not reassess whether any existing or expired agreements contain leases, the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, and the initial direct costs for any expired or existing leases. SJCC recorded operating lease right of use assets totaling \$151,348 and operating lease liabilities totaling \$151,348. See Note 8 for additional information.

NOTE 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprised the following:

	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,395,727	\$ 2,579,572
Accounts receivable	4,418,268	3,070,535
Total Available	\$ 7,813,995	\$ 5,650,107

As part of its liquidity management plan, the Organization maintains cash in insured checking and money market accounts.

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NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023:

Sources	Corps		Charter		Total
Federal government	\$	261,271	\$	135,768	\$ 397,039
State government		1,075,354		349,230	1,424,584
Local government		2,183,765		-	2,183,765
Other local sources		412,880		-	 412,880
Total accounts receivable	\$	3,933,270	\$	484,998	\$ 4,418,268

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Sources	Corps		Charter		Total
Federal government	\$ \$ 239,511		133,160	\$	372,671
State government	543,173		411,765		954,938
Local government	1,715,318		-		1,715,318
Other local sources	 27,608		-		27,608
Total accounts receivable	\$ 2,525,610	\$	544,925	\$	3,070,535

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022:

	Balance				Adjustments		Ending	
Property and Equipment	Ju	ne 30, 2022		Additions	& Deletions		Ju	ne 30, 2023
Nondepreciable								
Land	\$	2,463,319	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,463,319
Construction in progress:		71,363		105,338		(19,264)		157,437
Total Nondepreciable Assets		2,534,682		105,338		(19,264)		2,620,756
Depreciable								
Buildings and site improvements		13,716,524		-		-		13,716,524
Vehicles		2,837,369		235,858		-		3,073,227
Tiny Home Trailer		1,034,334		104,948		-		1,139,282
Recycling and Construction equipment		496,441		4,674		-		501,115
Computer equipment		60,484		-		-		60,484
Office and other equipment		564,832		20,060				584,892
Total Depreciable Assets		18,709,984		365,540				19,075,524
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(8,027,914)		(827,403)		-		(8,855,317)
Depreciable Assets - Net		10,682,070		(461,863)		-		10,220,207
Property and Equipment - Net	\$	13,216,752	\$	(356,525)	\$	(19,264)	\$	12,840,963

Depreciation expense was \$863,014 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and \$744,473 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

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NOTE 5 - LINE OF CREDIT

SJCC has a \$2,000,000 revolving line of credit with California Bank of Commerce for short-term working capital. Borrowings under the line bear a fixed interest rate of 6% for the term not exceeding 12 months. There is no outstanding balance owed as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6 - NOTES PAYABLE

On October 19, 2016, SJCC refinanced its Heritage Bank Note with a \$2,400,000 loan from California Bank of Commerce. The balance of the Heritage Bank loan was \$2,222,347. The new loan with California Bank of Commerce is a commercial real estate loan bearing interest at 4.5% over 5 years. The loan matures in 5 years with annual payments amortized over 5 years and a lump sum payment on the remaining balance at the end of the loan term. In May of 2023, the outstanding amount of \$1,996,824 was paid and there was no balance due as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 7 - SBA ECONOMIC INJURY DISASTER LOAN

SJCC received a \$150,000 Economic Injury Disaster Loan administered by a Small Business Administration (SBA) approved partner bearing interest at 2.75% over 30 years. The loan matures and amortizes with the annual payments over 30 years. The loan is collateralized with the buildings of SJCC. The following summarizes the changes in the loan during the fiscal year:

Beginning Balance	\$ 150,000
Issued	-
Paid	 (2,700)
Ending balance	147,300
Current	3,687
Long-term	\$ 143,613

The following summarizes the loan debt service requirements as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending June 30	I	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	3,687	\$	4,005	\$	7,692
2025		3,790		3,902		7,692
2026		3,896		3,796		7,692
2027		4,343		3,990		8,333
2028		4,125		3,567		7,692
2029- 2033		22,815		16,286		39,101
2034- 2038		25,773		12,687		38,460
2039- 2043		30,096		9,005		39,101
2044- 2048		34,606		4,495		39,101
2049		14,169		388		14,557
Total Debt Service	\$	147,300	\$	62,121	\$	209,421

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NOTE 8 - LEASES

SJCC leases certain equipment at various terms under long-term non-cancelable operating lease and finance lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2026. SJCC includes in the determination of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities any renewal options when the options are reasonably certain to be exercised. SJCC's operating leases provide for increases in future minimum annual rental payments.

The weighted-average discount rate is based on the discount rate implicit in the lease if stated. If the implicit rate is not readily determinable from the lease, SJCC estimates an applicable incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate is estimated using SJCC's applicable borrowing rates and the contractual lease term. SJCC has elected the short-term lease exemption for all leases with a term of 12 months or less for both existing and ongoing operating leases to not recognize the asset and liability for these leases.

The following summarizes the key lease components for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Oper	perating Lease	
Lease cost	\$	36,144	
Amortization	\$	35,611	
Cash paid amounts included in the measurement			
of lease liabilities:			
Operating cash flows	\$	36,144	
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for			
lease liabilities	\$	151,348	
Weighted-average remaining lease term in years		3.3	
Weighted-average discount rate		0.69%	

The following summarizes the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023:

		2023		2022
		Operating	(Operating
		Lease		Lease
Fiscal Year	Payments			Payments
2023	\$	-	\$	36,144
2024		36,144		36,144
2025		36,144		36,144
2026		36,144		36,144
2027		9,036		9,036
Total		117,468		153,612
Discount		(1,334)		(2,263)
Net	\$	116,134	\$	151,349

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NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Restricted net assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022:

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Subject to Expenditure for Specified Purpose:		
Corps:	2023	2022
The SCHMIDT Family Foundation	\$ 9,644	\$ 9,644
Knight Foundation	-	301
Save the Redwoods	1,030	-
The San Francisco Foundation	31,625	-
Tipping Point Community	 133,333	
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 175,632	\$ 9,945

Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Subject to Expenditure for Specified Purpose:		
Corps:	2023	2022
Knight Foundation	\$ 301	\$ 9,819
Save the Redwoods	3,970	-
Charter School:		
Title 1: Every Student Succeed Act	198,468	177,547
CalFresh	-	614
Special education	126,297	65,400
Child care pass-through	499,462	227,433
Learning Loss Mitigation	150,000	15,640
Expanded Learning Opportunity	56,726	-
Learning Recovery Emergency	28,968	-
Other state programs	 -	48,004
Total Net Assets Released from Restrictions	\$ 1.064,192	\$ 544,457

NOTE 10 - RENTAL INCOME

The corps received rental income from various operating leases for buildings and housing. Most of the agreements do not exceed one year. The following summarizes the future rent to be received by the Corps:

Fiscal Year	2023		 2022
2023	\$	-	\$ 396,990
2024		476,663	476,663
2025		441,318	441,318
Totals	\$	917,981	\$ 1,314,971

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NOTE 11 - CHARTER SCHOOL SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Charter School is an education division within the Corps and is a state sponsored entity for reporting purposes. As such, separate charter school financial statements are prepared and submitted to the California Department of Education and the State Controller's Office each year. The Charter School's assets can only be used for the intended purposes of the school. However, the use of these assets for school operations is not restricted unless a specific third-party restriction exists.

The following is a summary of the Charter School's financial information as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Description	June 30, 2023		on June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022		June 30, 2022		 Change
Total Assets	\$	2,200,033	\$	1,866,258	\$ 333,775		
Total Liabilities		656,310		662,370	(6,060)		
Total Net Assets		1,543,723		1,203,888	339,835		
Total Revenues		3,787,781		2,279,680	1,508,101		
Total Expenses		3,447,946		2,279,487	1,168,459		

The following schedule is to reconcile the program services expense reported on the statement of activities in the Charter School's financial statements to expenses reported in this statement of activities.

Description	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022	
Expenses reported in the Charter school Statement of Activities	\$	\$ 3,447,946		2,279,487
Expenses allocated by usage of shared facilities:				
Indirect cost transfers eliminated		(365,424)		-
Depreciation/amortization		71,955		75,297
Donated rent		58,115		61,694
Expenses reported in the Corps Statement of Activities	\$	3,212,592	\$	2,416,478

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The Organization sponsors a 403(b) retirement plan covering eligible employees. The employer is not required to make contributions to the plan. Qualified Charter School employees are covered under multiple employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Classified Charter School employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and certified employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement system (STRS). Benefit provisions of the plans are established by state statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law and State Teachers' Retirement Law.

CalPERS

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit

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pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013) and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
	Classic	PEPRA	
Hire Date	On or before	On or after	
	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	52	
Monthly benefit as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate FY2023	7.00%	8.00%	
Required employer contribution rate FY2023	25.37%	25.37%	
Required employee contribution rate FY2022	7.00%	7.00%	
Required employer contribution rate FY2022	22.91%	22.91%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are

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calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. SJCC is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are presented above and SJCC's contributions were \$60,508 and \$48,476, respectively.

CalSTRS

Plan Description

The Organization contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' retirement Law. A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

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The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
	Tier 1	Tier 2		
Hire Date	On or before	On or after		
	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefit as a percentage of eligible compensation	2% - 2.4%	2% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate FY2023	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate FY2023	19.10%	19.10%		
Required state contribution rate FY2023	10.828%	10.828%		
Required employee contribution rate FY2022	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate FY2022	16.92%	16.92%		
Required state contribution rate FY2022	10.828%	10.828%		

Contributions

As a required member, SJCC and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, are presented above and SJCC's total contributions were \$125,090 and \$96,939, respectively

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Awards and Grants

The Organization receives a substantial amount of its support from federal, state, city and county governments. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Organization's program and activities.

Grant and contract awards require the fulfillment of certain conditions as set forth in the agreements. Failure to fulfill the conditions could result in the return of the funds to the grantors. The Organization deems this contingency remote since by accepting the grants and contracts and their terms, it has accommodated the objectives of the Organization to the provisions of the grants. The Organization's management is of the opinion that the Organization has complied with the terms of all grants.

Employee Retention Credits (ERCs)

ERCs were established by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, P.L. 116-136, in March 2020 to help businesses retain employees during the COVID-19 pandemic. Eligible businesses, both for-profit and not-for-profit, that experienced a full or partial government-

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ordered suspension of operations, or a "significant" decline in gross receipts in any quarter (more than 50% decrease in 2020 from 2019, and more than 20% in 2021), could receive a quarterly refundable payroll tax credit. ERCs are claimed primarily on federal payroll tax forms. The Organization conducted due diligence before applying for ERC funds to ensure that it met the eligibility requirements.

During the year, the Organization recognized revenue of 3,805,451 for the Corps and \$137,946 for the Charter School from Employee Retention Credits, of which \$3,888,750 was received as of June 30, 2023. The remaining balance of \$54,647 was collected subsequent to year end.

The Organization recognized ERC revenue under FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Subtopic 958-605 because management determined that all grant conditions were substantially met. The ERC regulations and eligibility requirements require the exercise of considerable judgment. Because the calculation of the ERC was not reviewed by the IRS before the payments were funded, management conducted due diligence to reach a high level of comfort that the eligibility criteria were met based on the assessment of our specific facts and circumstances. Management reevaluated its position as of the date of the issuance of the financial statements, considering new developments including ERC and other regulatory interpretations and case law, and again concluded that the conditions for the revenue recognition were properly met. ERC claims will be subject to IRS audit until the statute of limitation expires.

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the date of the financial statements through December 8, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that there were no subsequent events or transactions that would have a material impact on the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

Supplementary Information

San Jose Conservation Corps (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) Schedule of Grant Expenditures Grant Number RLC-36-22-0003 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Claimed Costs		Audited Costs	
Personnel Services:				
Corps members salaries and wages	\$ 346,501	\$	346,501	
Staff salaries and wages	380,920		380,920	
Benefits	 144,899		144,899	
Total personnel services	 872,320		872,320	
Operating Expenses:				
Equipment	40,789		40,789	
Computers	195		195	
Office supplies	4,741		4,741	
Program specific expenses	42,684		42,684	
Program/CM training education	30,898		30,898	
Travel	238		238	
Uniforms	13,886		13,886	
Facilities	34,208		34,208	
Vehicle expenses	29,105		29,105	
Contracts and services	59,177		59,177	
Other operating costs	 15		15	
Total operating expenses	 255,936		255,936	
Indirect Costs	 236,962		236,962	
Total Local Corps Costs	\$ 1,365,218	\$	1,365,218	

San Jose Conservation Corps (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) Schedule of Grant Expenditures Grant Number RLC-37-22-0003 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Claimed Costs		 Audited Costs	
Personnel Services:				
Corps members salaries and wages	\$	392,746	\$ 392,746	
Staff salaries and wages		228,407	228,407	
Benefits		118,468	118,468	
Total personnel services		739,621	739,621	
Operating Expenses:				
Equipment		85,104	85,104	
Computers		1,611	1,611	
Office supplies		2,140	2,140	
Program specific expenses		26,911	26,911	
Program/CM training education		6,687	6,687	
Travel		259	259	
Uniforms		4,756	4,756	
Facilities		24,437	24,437	
Vehicle expenses		10,863	10,863	
Contracts and services		37,898	37,898	
Total operating expenses		200,666	 200,666	
Indirect Costs		179,912	 179,912	
Total Local Corps Costs	\$	1,120,199	\$ 1,120,199	

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Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle)

Notes to CalRecycle Compliance Section

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF GRANT EXPENDITURES

Basis of Presentation

The schedules of grant expenditures include the grant activity of the Organization under programs of the *Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery* for the year ended. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedules are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

Additional Independent Auditor's Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors San Jose Conservation Corps San Jose, California

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of San Jose Conservation Corps (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 8, 2023

Morgan Hill, California

C&A UP



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON GRANTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCES RECYCLING AND RECOVERY

Board of Directors San Jose Conservation Corps San Jose, California

Report on Compliance for Each CalRecycle Grant

Unmodified Opinion

We have audited the San Jose Conservation Corps' (SJCC or the Organization) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Conservation Corps Receiving Grant Funds from the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery* (CalRecycle), issued by the California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery.

In our opinion, SJCC complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local conservation Corps Receiving Grant Funds from the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of SJCC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of SJCC's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to SJCC's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on SJCC's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local



conservation Corps receiving grant funds from the department of resources recycling and recovery (CalRecycle) will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about SJCC's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local conservation Corps Receiving Grant Funds from the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle), we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding SJCC's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of SJCC's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Conservation Corps Receiving Grant Funds from the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle), but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SJCC's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine SJCC's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the items noted below in the compliance requirements tested section.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine SJCC's compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

No. of Audit	Procedures
Guide Procedures	Performed
10	Yes
1	Yes
4	Yes
2	Yes
6	Yes
2	Yes
	Guide Procedures 10 1 4 2



Purpose of This Report

C&A WP

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Conservation Corps Receiving Grant Funds from the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle)*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 8, 2023

Morgan Hill, CA

Findings and Recommendations

San Jose Conservation Corps (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses?	YesX_ No
Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	YesX_ None
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X_</u> No
CalRecycle Grants	
Internal control over CalRecycle Grants:	
Material weaknesses?	YesX_ No
Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	YesX_ None
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with standards issued by	
the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery	YesX_ No
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
No findings noted.	
Section III - CalRecycle Findings and Questioned Costs	
No findings noted.	

San Jose Conservation Corps (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations For the Year ended June 30, 2023

No findings noted.